INTER-AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR COOPERATION ON AGRICULTURE



IICA TECHNICAL COOPERATION STRATEGY IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 2011-2014



PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE AND COMPETITIVE AGRICULTURE IN THE AMERICAS

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Introduction

The Medium Term Plan of the Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture (IICA) for the period 2011 – 2014 seeks to ensure that technical cooperation is geared towards the needs and request of the countries. In this connection, all IICA offices were mandated to prepare an IICA Country Strategy which would guide and channel the cooperation that IICA provides to the member countries.

It is within this context that this IICA Country Strategy for Trinidad and Tobago has been prepared by the IICA Office using the guidelines provided in the "Methodological Guide for Formulating the IICA Country Strategy". The process involved significant research and consultations1 with all major stakeholders in Trinidad and Tobago to ensure that the IICA Country Strategy was designed to respond to the needs and priorities as identified by stakeholders in the agricultural sector. The IICA Office also benefited tremendously from participation in wide ranging consultations2 which were organized on the instruction of Senator, the Honourable Vasant Bharat as a basis for the preparation of the Plan of Action for the sector.

Apart from responding to the needs of the stakeholders, the technical cooperation actions and project profiles articulated in this strategy have been framed to ensure that they are consistent with those areas in which the office and IICA as a whole has technical competencies and requisite expertise. It is anticipated that this approach will ensure both relevance and impact in delivery of technical cooperation in Trinidad and Tobago.

¹ Consultations were held with the Ministry of Food production, Lands and Marine Affairs, the Division of Agriculture, Marine Affairs, Marketing and the Environment, Tobago House of Assembly, the Agricultural Society of Trinidad and Tobago, the Trinidad and Tobago Agribusiness Association (TTABA), other Producer/Commodity Associations, state agencies – National Agricultural Marketing and Development Corporation (NAMDEVCO) Agricultural Development Bank (ADB), Estate Management and Business Development Company (EMBD)development partners (CARDI, UWI, FAO, CARIRI

² These consultations were extensive and provided for the participation of a wide cross-section of stakeholders who identified their concerns and needs.

I. Strategic Framework for the Agricultural Sector in Trinidad and Tobago

The articulation of a technical cooperation strategy requires an understanding of the major challenges facing the agricultural sector and an examination of the potential which exists for sustained growth and development of this sector. A concise analysis of the challenges and potential follows.

Main Challenges facing Agriculture

The agricultural sector in Trinidad and Tobago must confront and overcome a number of significant challenges if it is to perform its role in contributing to sustained economic and social development of the country. These challenges include:-

- Lack of adequate drainage and irrigation systems and related infrastructure;
- Lack of secure land tenure, with a large percentage of farmers not having legal tenure to the land:
- Competition from other sectors of the economy for key resources and in particular, access to labour for agriculture which has become a major challenge for producers.
- The sector is also challenged to attract the youth, given the opportunities available in other sectors;
- Agricultural land is gradually being utilized for non- agricultural use, principally for residential and commercial use. This situation, coupled with the lack of proper infrastructure in certain rural communities has impacted negatively on the availability of land for agriculture;
- High incidence of praedial larceny which now represents a major deterrent to investments in the sector;
- High risk nature of agricultural production which has been accentuated by the effects of climate change and increased incidence of natural disasters;
- Low levels of productivity and a general lack of international competitiveness as a result of rapidly escalating production costs (input costs in particular) and the slow pace of adoption of appropriate and sustainable technologies and sound agribusiness management practices;
- Limited capacity among small and medium sized enterprises in particular to meet internationally acceptable standards relating to sanitary and phyto-sanitary measures (SPS) and food safety;

- Disorganized and fragmented producers and the existence of limited capacity for organizational development and management within commodity and producer based organizations;
- Preference among consumers and buyers of agri-food items for imported products.

Potential for Agriculture

Notwithstanding the above-mentioned challenges, there are tremendous opportunities for the repositioning and sustained growth and development of the agri-food sector in Trinidad and Tobago. Global developments in recent years have impacted significantly on how the agricultural sector is perceived. The potential for the development of the agricultural sector is being driven by the following factors:-

- An annual food import bill amounting to in excess of TT\$4 billion which represents a significant opportunity for import substitution based on increased domestic production;
- Growing public recognition of the importance of achieving an adequate level of national food security and increasing commitment of consumers to support buy local campaigns;
- The availability of superior quality products such as fine flavoured cocoa which provide an opportunity for the marketing of these products internationally;
- The presence of specialized national, regional and international institutions with technical, human and financial resources to drive and support the development of the agri-food sector;
- The relatively low cost of energy which provides scope for the development of value-added processing operations based on locally primary production and regional supplies;
- The thrust by Government to achieve economic diversification with the agricultural sector being identified as a sector for special attention;
- The scope for linking agriculture with industry, with tourism, with the environment, with the health sector, with rural development and other sectors of the economy;
- The high level of commitment and dedication to the agri-food sector demonstrated by farmers, fisher-folk and other stakeholders in the sector;
- The pivotal role played by agriculture in areas other than food production such as natural resource management including watershed management, pursuit of a low carbon development strategy and in conserving our biodiversity.

Policies and Objectives established by National Authorities

The development path for the agricultural sector in Trinidad and Tobago is cast on six pillars which include:

- Respect for agriculture, the farmers and the land
- Affordable food on a sustained basis
- Sustainable livelihood for farmers
- A mixture of traditional and technology-driven platforms
- Regional and extra-regional joint ventures to achieve economies of scale and export competitiveness
- Functional linkages between research and development and the sector to strengthen knowledge applications

The major thrust of the government is to increase food production and food security and to reduce the food import bill. The government also seeks to increase the prosperity of farmers and the sector's contribution to Gross Domestic Product (GDP). The stated objective is to increase agriculture's contribution to GDP from existing levels (0.6%) to 3% in 5 years. In addition, food security is regarded by the state as, " the prerequisite to people- centered development".

To achieve the broad objectives of increasing food production and food security, the Government prepared an action plan, which outlined a number of areas on which emphasis is to be placed in the short to medium term. Areas of focus include:

- Measures to facilitate the distribution of land leases to farmers:
- Provision of drainage and irrigation systems including on farm ponds;
- Expansion of the farm access road programme:
- Review of the existing package of incentives with a view to making them more relevant:
- Development of a mentorship programme for the benefit of young farmers;
- Promotion of entrepreneurship in agriculture;
- Upgrading market intelligence and research for the benefit of farmers;
- Building capacity of farmers in agricultural health and food safety;
- Use of appropriate technology in production systems;
- Strategies to revitalize many segments of the agricultural sector which have declined significantly over the years: citrus, cocoa and coffee; coconuts, honey and sheep and goat.

II. IICA Technical Cooperation Actions in Trinidad and Tobago

a. Objectives of the Technical Cooperation Actions

The **general objective** of the technical cooperation actions in Trinidad and Tobago is to strengthen the critical systems, processes and capacities required for stakeholders and institutions operating in the agri-food sector to engage in activities and deliver services which facilitate and stimulate increases in agribusiness activity, competitiveness, investment and incomes thereby contributing to sustained growth and development of the agri-food sector. To give effect to this general objective the following **specific objectives** have been defined:

- To provide assistance in the development of a coherent policy and planning framework which facilitates and promotes the sustained growth and development of the agri-food sector
- To facilitate the sustained development and increased competitiveness of selected commodities by mobilizing technical assistance in an integrated and coordinated manner to address key constraints
- To promote and facilitate the development of a strengthened and more integrated agricultural health and food safety system which contributes to national food security and increased market access for SMEs in particular.
- To provide assistance in the strengthening of institutions and organizations operating along the value chain with emphasis on commodity and producer organizations involving SMEs.

b. Summary of Technical Cooperation Actions

The Office in Trinidad and Tobago will seek to provide support to address the four critical demands that stakeholders in the agri-food sector have identified as important for the sustained development of the sector. These demands are as follows:

- Support for agricultural policy, planning and programme evaluation;
- Support for development of selected commodities(primary and value-added);
- Strengthening systems and programmes for improving quality, grades and standards, agricultural health and food safety; and
- Institutional strengthening and support to organizations and groups in the agrifood sector.

In order to deliver on those four identified areas, the Office will utilize various technical cooperation instruments which have been widely used by the Institute and for which the Institute has developed significant capacity and competence.

Training and Capacity Building

Since strengthening capacities of stakeholders and institutions represents an important component of the strategy, training will be an instrument that will be extensively used to respond to all four demands. Significant training will be delivered including training in policy analysis and formulation, strategic planning, monitoring and evaluation, commodity assessment methodologies including value chain analysis, agricultural health and food safety, organizational development and management and other technical areas for which IICA has competence. This training is therefore expected to contribute to improvements in the policy and planning framework, agricultural health and food safety practices, institutional effectiveness and operations and commodity development initiatives.

Analyses, studies, impact assessments and sector reviews

Apart from engaging in training, the IICA office in Trinidad and Tobago will conduct and facilitate the conduct of various forms of analyses, studies, impact assessments, reviews and feasibility studies as these relate to policy and planning, commodity development initiatives, agricultural health and food safety and institutional strengthening. These analyses and studies will generate information which will be used to support more informed decision making on the part of public and private sector stakeholders that in turn should contribute to improvements in the enabling environment and competitiveness of the agri-food sector.

Technical Intermediation and Mobilization of Cooperation

The development of the agri-food sector in Trinidad and Tobago will require significant improvements in the level of coordination and integration of activities. IICA will play an important role in technical intermediation and mobilization of cooperation and in creating inter-agency and multi-sectoral dialogue platforms and fora for greater interaction between stakeholders. This should contribute to increased efficiency and effectiveness in delivery of programmes and to increased competitiveness of various commodity chains.

Direct Technical Cooperation

The IICA Office in Trinidad and Tobago will also provide direct technical cooperation and assistance to institutions and stakeholders in responding to the four demands identified. As such, assistance will be provided to MFPLMA in strengthening planning and programming systems as well as in implementing effective systems for programme and project monitoring and evaluation. In addition, direct technical cooperation will be provided to producer and commodity based organizations in developing industry plans and commodity development strategies and in planning organizing and participating in

major events. Institutions and stakeholders will also benefit from direct technical cooperation in the development of protocols and certification programmes to ensure the adoption of appropriate Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs) and adherence to acceptable food safety standards (such as HACCP, GMPs,).

Horizontal Technical Cooperation

Horizontal Technical Cooperation (HTC) will feature prominently among the instruments to be used by the IICA Office in Trinidad and Tobago to respond to all the demands identified. This will facilitate exposure of stakeholders to centres of excellence, best practices, models of agri-food systems and approaches which exist across the hemisphere. Through HTC, the services of experts and specialists drawn from the hemispheric network will also be accessed.

Knowledge Management Tools

Knowledge management tools will also be employed to ensure that that all pertinent information is properly documented and systematized so that it can be readily accessed and easily circulated to those who require this information to support their activities. Particular emphasis will be placed on assisting MFPLMA to adopt knowledge management tools for generating, analyzing and dissemination of information relating to agricultural health and food safety to all categories of stakeholders.

Collaboration with Partners and engagement of Stakeholders and beneficiaries

Collaboration with development partners, stakeholders and institutions will be at the core of the implementation of the Technical Cooperation Strategy. Development partners such as the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), the Caribbean Agricultural Research and Development Institute (CARDI), the University of the West Indies (UWI), Caribbean Food and Nutrition Institute (CFNI) and the Caribbean Industrial Research Institute (CARIRI) will be engaged to collaborate and jointly implement projects and activities under the strategy. State agencies and institutions such as the National Agricultural Marketing and Development Corporation (NAMDEVCO), Estate Management and Business Development Company (EMBD), Agricultural Development Bank (ADB), Sugar Cane Feed Centre (SFC), Livestock and Livestock Products Board (LLPB), Trinidad and Tobago Agribusiness Association (TTABA), Agricultural Society of Trinidad and Tobago (ASTT) and the Cocoa and Coffee Industry Board will also serve as collaborators in the implementation of various activities and projects.

There will be significant engagement of MFPLMA which will serve as the primary collaborator with collaboration with other Government Ministries including the Ministry of

Tourism, Ministry of Trade and Industry, Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Planning, Economic, Social restructuring and Gender Affairs, amongst others.

Throughout the implementation process, the Office will engage with the main beneficiaries of the actions – the producers, marketers, processors and others along the value chain both individually and through their respective organizations. Special emphasis will be placed on meeting the needs of small and medium sized farmers/enterprises in particular.

Projects with IICA resources

Four (4) technical cooperation project profiles have been formulated to respond to the four demands identified by national authorities. These projects are:

- "Enhancing Capacity and Processes for Agricultural Policy and Planning in Trinidad and Tobago"
- "Enhancing the Competitiveness of Selected Commodity Systems through Integrated and Coordinated Technical Cooperation"
- "Strengthening and Integrating Agricultural Health and Food Safety Systems and Services for Enhanced Food Security and Increased Market Access"
- "Institutional Strengthening and Support to Organizations (including Producer groups and SMEs) in the Agri-Food Sector"

The project profiles are attached in Annex to this document. It should be noted that implementing these projects, every effort will be made to exploit synergies and integrate activities across projects where such integration provides for greater impact and greater efficiency in resource use.

III. ACCOUNTABILITY AND EVALUATION OF RESULTS

The implementation of the present IICA Technical Cooperation Strategy will be subject to an ongoing process of monitoring, follow-up and evaluation, intended to make sure that the available technical and financial resources are allocated strategically in implementing the technical cooperation projects and activities approved and validated by the senior authorities of the Ministry of Agriculture.

IICA, by monitoring the progress of the projects, following up on implementation throughout the life of the project and evaluating the expected results will generate information which, in turn, will also serve as feedback for the key national counterparts.

To this end, the *Integrated System for the Monitoring and Evaluation of Technical Cooperation (ISME)* has been created. This system will make it possible to evaluate, in stages, the completion of technical cooperation actions, contribute to the achievement of the Institute's objectives and report to the Governing Bodies.

Internally, the monitoring, follow-up and evaluation process will be the responsibility of the Offices, in coordination with the Directorate of Management and Regional Integration (DMRI) and the Secretariat of Planning and Evaluation (SEPE). The three processes will focus on:

- **a)** <u>Monitoring</u>: This will identify relevant elements or signs during implementation of technical cooperation projects and actions. They will be detected on a monthly by the DMRI and the SEPE.
- b) Follow-up: This will focus on analyzing progress in the implementation of activities programmed for the life of the project, through: 1) regular reports, starting at the beginning of each activity of the projects; 2) quarterly reports on the physical and financial execution of the activities; 3) regular reports on the conclusion of activities; and 4) the fourth quarterly report, to be submitted in December of each year at the close of the Annual Action Plan and used as the basis for preparing the annual report presented at the annual accountability seminar. The Offices will follow this procedure in contributing to the ISME, based on the attached matrix.
- c) <u>Evaluation of Results</u>: This will take place at the close of the project cycle, based on the expected results of the projects, and will provide information to consider in evaluating the medium-term focus of the Technical Cooperation Strategy.

One of the main goals is to generate useful information for refocusing the resources and actions, and by so doing ensure that the technical cooperation provided to the countries has the greatest possible impact.

ANNEX 1

Portfolio of Projects

- Project 1 Enhancing Capacity and Processes for Agricultural Policy and Planning in Trinidad and Tobago
- Project 2 Enhancing the Competitiveness of Selected Commodity Systems through Integrated and Coordinated Technical Cooperation
- Project 3 Strengthening and Integrating Agricultural Health and Food Safety Systems and Services for Enhanced Food Security and Increased Market Access
- Project 4 Institutional Strengthening and Support to Organizations (including Producer groups and SMEs) in the Agri-Food Sector

Name of program or project	Enhancing Capacity and Processes for Agricultural Policy and Planning in Trinidad and Tobago.				
2. Predominant Lines of Action of the 2010-2014 MTP	Center for Strategic Analysis for Agriculture (CAESPA): Line 1, Prospective and strategic analyses for agriculture; Line 2, Public Policies for agriculture				
3. Level: Country	National				
4. The problem	development an an enabling po strategies and p	Lack of adequate capacity and appropriate processes for policy development and planning has impacted negatively on the creation of an enabling policy environment and development of clearly defined strategies and plans that are required to stimulate and promote optimal growth and development of the agricultural sector.			
5. General objective	planning framev	vork that facilitates	s and promotes the	oherent policy and e sustained growth	
6. Specific objectives	 and development of the agri-food sector. 6.1To enhance the capacity of stakeholders in the agri-food sector to effectively formulate, implement, monitor and evaluate policies, programmes, plans and projects; 6.2 To conduct strategic analyses, studies, impact assessments and related activities as a basis for informing policy formulation, planning and decision making; 6.3To provide support in the design and articulation of agricultural sector policy frameworks, sector/strategic plans, programmes and projects; 6.4To assist the Ministry of Food Production, Land and Marine Affairs in the development of methodologies and strengthening systems and procedures to enhance the policy and planning processes and mechanisms for monitoring and evaluation. 				
7. Beneficiaries	The Ministry of Food Production, Land and Marine Affairs and other State Agencies involved in agricultural development.				
8. Duration	4 years (2011 –	<u>, </u>			
9. Activities	Enhancing Capacity and Processes for Agricultural Policy and Planning in Trinidad and Tobago				
	ACTIVITY	OUTPUTS	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACHIEVEMENT INDICATORS	
	6.1.1Conduct training programmes	1. Courses on Policy, Planning,	ER: Enhanced capacity in MFPLMA/THA	AI 1: At least two (2) training workshops	

Τ				
	in policy, planning projects and related disciplines. 6.1.2Provide oversight, guidance and	projects, 2. Training materials, including manuals 3. Documents containing results of application of training methodologies and tools	and other state agencies in agriculture to formulate, implement, monitor and evaluate policies, programmes, plans and projects	conducted and 25 persons trained annually on policy and planning themes
	mentorship to officers from Planning Division on Special Policy and Planning related Assignments 6.2.1Conduct strategic analyses, studies,	1.Special assignments effectively completed with IICA support/oversight 2.Joint IICA/MFPLMA and IICA/THA reports/documents	ER:Enhanced capacity in Planning division to undertake analysis, planning and programming,	AI 3:IICA Staff provide oversight to and mentor planning division staff on at least two planning and policy related special assignments annually
	impact assessments, etc 6.3.1Assist in preparation of policy	1.Reports/polic y briefs/position papers based on findings of analyses and studies 2.Presentation and distribution of results of analyses and studies to key	ER:More informed decision making, planning and policy formulation based on increased availability and reliability of data/information	Al4:At least one analytical study completed on an annual basis

framework,	stakeholders		
sector			
/strategic			
plans and			
projects			Al5:Policy
projects			framework and
			sector plan completed by end
	1.Policy	ER:The	2011. Annual
	framework,	adoption of a	reviews of sector
	sector and	relevant and	policy framework
	strategic plans,	responsive	and plans
	projects and	policy regime	
	related	with associated	
	documents	plans and strategies	
	2.	Sualegies	
	Consultations,		
6.4.1Assist	Focus Group		Al6:Technical
MFPLMA in	meetings, key		assistance
strengthening	informant		provided to
systems and	interviews		Ministry in
procedures			implementing monitoring and
and	1.Well	ER:Improved	evaluation system
developing	designed and	policy and	in keeping with
methodologie	established	planning	policy framework
s for	MFPLMA	processes and	and sector plan
improved	internal	enhanced	by end of 2011
policy	systems,	monitoring and evaluation of	
planning,	procedures and	programs,	
monitoring	methodologies	projects, etc	
and	for planning,	, , , ,	
evaluation	policy		AI7:Support the
6.4.2Provide	formulation,		evaluation of the
support in the	monitoring and		National
evaluation of	evaluation	ER:Improved	Agribusiness Development
specific		planning and	Programme in
projects and		implementation	2011 and 2012
programmes	1.Evaluation	of selected	and selected
(e.g National	reports for	agricultural	programmes on
Agribusiness	specified	development	an annual basis
Development	projects and	projects and	
Pevelobilient	programmes	programmes	

		Programme)	e.g NADP)			
			2.Proposals for streamlining projects and programmes based contents of the con			
		instruments of studies and sit subjects related Cooperation" a processes for puill be executed	technical coopuation analyses d to IICA's area as these are appolicy and planted in close collalready been ini	peration, resident and impless of composition of composition in Tribation	namely "Pros act assessm betence" and trengthening nidad and To with FAO a	linked to three spective analyses, ents", "Training in I "Direct Technical the capacity and bbago. The project nd will build upon FPLMA in relation
		n IICA project outions and misce			-	resources (quota owing table:
		ANNUA	L DIRECT COS	STS OF T	HE IICA PRO	DJECT
	1	. PERSONNEL				
			personnel (the			on to the project)
	Mr. F.	Name			Position Analyst and	% of Time
		dric Harry		Planni		
	Mr. G	regg Rawlins			resentative	14%
10.Project	ect 1.2. Personnel of the Technical Concentration and Cross-cutting					
budget		lination Program		d other ur	nits (the com	plementary
	contri	bution to the proj	ject)	_		
	<u> </u>	Name			osition	% of Time
	Ms. D	iana Francis			y and Trade	
	2. DIRECT OPERATING COSTS (US\$) 2011-2014					
		ITEM		QUOTA CONTRI BUTION S	MISCELLA NEOUS INCOME	REGULAR FUNI
	MOE	3: Training and ∃	Гесhnical	8000		8000

Events		
MOE 4: Official Travel	14000	14000
MOE 5: Publications and Materials		
and Inputs		
MOE 6: Equipment and Furniture		
MOE 7: Communications, Public		
Utilities and Maintenance		
MOE 8: Service Contracts	16000	16000
MOE 9: Insurance, Official		
Hospitality and Others		
TOTAL DIRECT OPERATING	38000	38000
COSTS OF THE PROJECT	30000	30000
CONTRIBUTIONS OF		
PROGRAMS OR PROJECTS TO		
OPERATING COSTS		
Contributor:		
Contributor:		
Contributor:		
	T	
GRAND TOTAL OPERATING	38000	38000
COSTS		

	PROJECT 2
1.Name of program	Enhancing the Competitiveness of Selected Commodity Systems
or project	through Integrated and Coordinated Technical Cooperation
2.Predominant	Innovation for Productivity and Competitiveness: Line 5, Regional and
Lines of Action of	international cooperation for technology innovation
the 2010-2014 MTP	Agribusiness and Commercialization: Line 1, Linking producers to
	markets including small scale producers
3.Level: Country	National
4.The problem	The Government of Trinidad and Tobago, in close collaboration with
	stakeholders in the agricultural sector, has identified a number of
	agricultural commodities which will be assigned priority for
	development of the agricultural sector and the attainment of national
	food security objectives in the medium term. However, the
	development of these priority commodities has been adversely affected
	over the years by a cross section of constraints which have been
	addressed in isolation of each other with limited results. It is widely
	accepted that a more integrated and coordinated approach to
	commodity development based on the adoption of appropriate
	technology, the application of sound agribusiness management
	approaches, such as value chain approach and the adherence to Good
	Agricultural Practices and food safety and market access standards are
	required in an effort to realize the sustained and accelerated
	development of competitiveness commodity systems. The project
	seeks to mobilize technical cooperation to address the key constraints
	to development of the commodity systems and promote and encourage
	a more integrated and coordinated approach to commodity
	development.
5.General objective	To facilitate the sustained development and increased competitiveness
	of selected commodities by mobilizing technical cooperation in an
	integrated and coordinated manner to address key constraints.
6.Specific objectives	6.1To enhance the capacity of stakeholders in the agri-food sector to
	undertake commodity systems analyses (including value chain
	analysis) and to effectively formulate commodity development plans
	and strategies;
	6.2 To assist stakeholders in the conduct of commodity systems
	analyses including value chain analyses, feasibility and pre-
	investment studies and in the preparation of commodity/industry
	development plans and strategies;
	6.3To facilitate the adoption of more integrated and coordinated
	support for the delivery of technical cooperation for the development

	and anhance	d	of calcated comm	a dition.		
	and enhanced competitiveness of selected commodities;					
	6.4To mobilize and provide direct technical cooperation based on					
	IICA's areas of competence to address the key constraints affecting					
	the development of selected commodities.					
7.Beneficiaries	Commodity/Prod	ducer Organiza	ations (Trinidad	and Tobago		
	Agribusiness As	ssociation, - TTA	ABA), stakeholder	s along the value		
	chain for selecte	ed commodities in	cluding MFPLMA			
8.Duration	4у	ears (2011 – 201	4)			
9.Activities	Enhancing the	Competitiveness	of Selected Co	mmodity Systems		
	through Integrate	ed and Coordinat	ed Technical Coop			
	ACTIVITY	OUTPUTS	EXPECTED	ACHIEVEMENT		
			RESULTS	INDICATORS		
	6.1.1Conduct	1Courses on		Al 1: At least two		
	training	commodity	capacity among	(2) training		
	programmes	assessment	stakeholders to	courses delivered		
	in commodity	methodologies	undertake	and 30 persons		
	assessment	,	commodity	trained on an		
	methodologie	OTraining	assessments	annual basis in		
	s (e.g value chain	2Training materials,	and value chain	VCA and		
		including	analysis and prepare plans	preparation of		
	analysis,) and in preparation	manuals	and strategies	commodity plans and strategies		
	of commodity	Illaliuais	for commodity	and strategies		
	plans and	3Documents	development			
	strategies.	with	dovolopinon			
		commodity				
		assessments				
		including				
		results of value				
		chain analysis				
		and				
		commodity				
		development				
		plans and				
		strategies				
			ER:More			
	6.2.1 Assist in		informed	AL 2:Commodity		
	the		decision making	Al 2:Commodity assessment		
	conduction of	1.Reports with	in both public and private	analyses/busines		
	commodity	commodity	sectors as this	s plans/feasibility		
	assessments	assessments,	relates to	plans prepared		
	and analysis	value chain	support for and	for at least one		
	and	analysis,	participation in	commodity each		
		feasibility	competitive	year between		

preparation of feasibility studies, business plans,	studies, business plans, 2. Plans of action and proposals for development and commercializat ion of selected commodities	commodity value chains	2011 - 2014
6.3.1Facilitati on of dialogue and interaction between development partners and stakeholders on commodity development interventions	1.Dialogue fora, meetings, consultations involving relevant development partners and stakeholders along the value chain	ER:More effective and efficient delivery of technical cooperation for the development of selected commodities	AI3:At least two meetings convened involving stakeholders along the value chain for selected commodities on an annual basis
6.3.2Promote the formation of clusters and increased dialogue and interaction between stakeholders	2.Agreed plans of action for coordinated and integrated delivery of technical cooperation 1.Dialogue platforms, clusters, associations of stakeholders	ER:Enhanced cooperation among stakeholders along the value chain and within clusters leading to improved coordination and effectiveness in	AI4:Support provided to at least two (2) clusters through the increased participation of stakeholders in

along the		addroccing	programmae to
along the	2 Agreed plans	addressing	programmmes to address
value chain	2.Agreed plans	commodity	constraints to
	and strategies	development	
	for		development of selected
6.4.1To	development	ED.C.sastas	
	and increased	ER:Greater	commodities
mobilize and	competitivenes	efficiency and	
deliver	s of selected	effectiveness in	A1= A.1
technical	commodities	the mobilization	Al5:At least one
cooperation		of technical	horizontal
from the IICA	1.Integrated	cooperation	technical
	IICA Technical	from IICA	cooperation
system to	cooperation	targeted at	action completed
address key	programme	specific	annually and
constraints	targeted at	commodities	services of at
affecting the	development		least two (2)
development	of selected		technical
of selected	commodities		specialists
commodities			secured annually
commodities	Identification of		in support of
	specialized		development of
	services,		selected
	centres of		commodities
	excellence in		
	relation to		
	selected		
	commodities		

COMMENT: The project and its activities are linked to three instruments of technical cooperation, namely "Technical intermediation and mobilization of cooperation", "Training in subjects related to IICA's areas of competence" and "Direct Technical Cooperation" as these are applied to enhancing the competitiveness of selected commodity systems in Trinidad and Tobago. The project will be executed in close collaboration with Trinidad and Tobago Agribusiness Association (TTABA), the National Agricultural Marketing and Development Corporation (NAMDEVCO) the Agricultural Society of Trinidad and Tobago (ASTT), Commodity Organizations, Producer Organizations, the Tobago House of Assembly (THA), other development partners (FAO, CARDI, CARIRI, UWI,) and the MFPLMA.

It is an IICA project that will include the Regular Fund resources (quota contributions and miscellaneous income) specified in the following table:

ANNUAL DIRECT COSTS OF THE IICA PROJECT

1. PERSONNEL (% of time on an annual basis)

1.1. Office personnel (the substantive contribution to the project)

'		' '
Name	Position	% of Time
Mr. Edric Harry	Policy Analyst and	13%
	Planning Specialist	
Mr. Gregg Rawlins	Representative	9%
Ms. Lisa Harrynanan	Agricultural Health	10%
	Specialist	
Vacant	AgriBusiness Specialist	70%

1.2. Personnel of the Technical Concentration and Cross-cutting Coordination Programs, CAESPA, and other units (the complementary contribution to the project)

Name	Position	% of Time
Mr. Robert Reid	Agribusiness Specialist	2%
To be filled	Specialist in	
	Technological Innovation	
	for the Caribbean Region	

2. DIRECT OPERATING COSTS (US\$) 2011-2014

ITEM	QUOTA CONTRI BUTION S	MISCELLA NEOUS INCOME	REGULAR FUND
MOE 3: Training and Technical	12000		12000
Events	12000		12000
MOE 4: Official Travel	20000		20000
MOE 5: Publications and Materials			
and Inputs			
MOE 6: Equipment and Furniture			
MOE 7: Communications, Public			
Utilities and Maintenance			
MOE 8: Service Contracts	35000		35000
MOE 9: Insurance, Official			
Hospitality and Others			
TOTAL DIRECT OPERATING	67000		67000

10.Project budget

CO	STS OF THE PROJECT		
CO	NTRIBUTIONS OF		
PRO	OGRAMS OR PROJECTS TO		
OPI	ERATING COSTS		
Cor	ntributor:		
Cor	ntributor:		
Cor	ntributor:		
	AND TOTAL OPERATING STS	67000	67000

1.Name of program	Strengthening and Integrating Agricultural Health and Food Safety
or project	Systems and Services for Enhanced Food Security and Increased
	Market Access
2.Predominant Line	Agricultural Health and Food Safety: Line 2, Modernization of the
of Action of the	national sanitary and phytosanitary services; Line 3, Food Safety
2010-2014 MTP	
3.Level: Country	National
4.The problem	While Trinidad and Tobago has made some progress in developing its
	agricultural health and food safety services over the years, these
	services continue to be delivered in an uncoordinated manner which
	results in duplication of effort and less than optimal use of scarce
	human and financial resources. In addition, the private sector, and in
	particular small and medium sized enterprises have not been
	empowered with the information and tools necessary for them to adopt
	the practices required for effectively accessing domestic and export
	markets. The project therefore seeks to address these deficiencies.
5.General objective	To promote and facilitate the development of a strengthened and more
,	integrated agricultural health and food safety system which facilitates
	national food security and increased market access for SMEs in
	particular.
6.Specific objectives	6.1To enhance the capacity of public sector officials and stakeholders
, ,	in the agri-food sector in technical areas relating to agricultural
	health and food safety;
	6.2 To strengthen the systems in place for knowledge management
	including the those for generating, analyzing and disseminating
	information relating to AHFS;
	6.3To facilitate greater inter-agency and multi-stakeholder dialogue and
	interaction on AFHS issues;
	6.4To provide technical assistance aimed at facilitating the adoption of
	agricultural practices (GAPs) and food safety standards (HACCP,
	GMP,) for increased market access and trade, with emphasis on
	SMEs.
7.Beneficiaries	The Ministry of Food Production, Land and Marine Affairs, the Ministry
	of Health, the private sector including SMEs, other State Agencies
	involved in agricultural development.
8.Duration	4 years (2011 – 2014)
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	ACTIVITY	OUTPUTS	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACHIEVEMENT INDICATORS
9.Activities	6.1.1Conduct training programmes in areas of AHFS based on needs of public and private sector stakeholders.	4. Courses on AHFS 5. Training materials, including manuals 6. Documents containing results of application of training methodologies and tools	ER: Enhanced capacity in public and private sectors to utlize and apply AHFS principles and practices	Al 1: At least two (2) training programmes conducted and 25 persons trained in agricultural health and food safety related issues
	6.2.1Provide assistance in strengthening system for knowledge management as it relates to AHFS	1.Knowledge management system strengthened with website interface, development and circulation of fact sheets 2Available Information on AHFS is identified and brought into	increased access to markets ER:General public, public sector and private sector including SMEs are better informed to act and make decisions relating to the AHFS system	AI 2:Knowledge management system for AHFS reviewed and recommendations presented for strengthening system by mid 2012
	6.2.2Conduct assessments using various PVS tools – SPS, Food safety, Plant health and	central knowledge management system 1.Reports with information and findings of		AI3:Assessment of the Animal Health and plant health system conducted in

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	animal health 6.3.1Provide fora for interagency and multistakeholder dialogue and interaction on AHFS issues 6.4.1Provide technical assistance in facilitating the adoption of GAPs, HACCP. GMP, etc by SMEs in particular	Assessments 2.Documents with proposals for strengthening AHFS system 1.Dialogue, fora, meetings, consultations 2. Agreed strategies and plans of action for addressing AHFS issues 1.Technical assistance programme targeted at SMEs 2.GAP protocols and similar instruments documented	ER:Increased efficiency and effectiveness in programme and project design as it relates to strengthening the AHFS system ER:Increased levels of cooperation and integration in the design and execution of projects and programmes relating to AHFS ER:Private sector and SMEs in particular are empowered with information and skills to adopt standards required for accessing markets	2011 and 2012. Updates of assessments in SPS and Food Safety conducted in 2012 - 2013 Al4:Support provided in convening at least one multisectoral and multi-stakeholder fora annually. Al5:At least one GAP Protocol developed annually and support provided in developing grades and standards for two commodities annually. Technical assistance programme developed in collaboration with CARIRI and NAMDEVCO targeting SMEs.

COMMENT: The project and its activities are linked to three instruments of technical cooperation, namely "Knowledge management", "Training in subjects related to IICA's areas of competence" and "Direct Technical Cooperation" as these are applied to strengthening the agricultural health and food safety system in Trinidad and Tobago. The project will be executed in close collaboration with MFPLMA, Ministry of Health, stakeholders along the

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	value chain and other develo	pments pa	rtners.				
10.Project	It is an IICA project that will inclu	de the Re	gular Fund	resources (quota			
budget	ed in the follo	wing table:					
	ANNUAL DIRECT COSTS OF THE IICA PROJECT						
	1. PERSONNEL						
	1.1. Office personnel (the	substantiv	e contribution	n to the project)			
	Name	F	osition	% of Time			
	Ms. Lisa Harrynanan	Ag. He	alth and Food	d 65%			
			ty Specialist				
	Mr. Gregg Rawlins	Rep	resentative	9%			
	10.0	1					
	1.2. Personnel of the Ted			_			
	Coordination Programs, CAESPA, a	nd other ur	nits (the comp	plementary			
	contribution to the project)						
	Name Ma Caral Thomas	Position		% of Time			
	Ms. Carol Thomas	Ag. Health and Food 2% Safety Specialist					
	2. DIRECT OPERATING COST		• •				
	Zi Diktor of Ekwinto ooo.	QUOTA					
	ITEM	CONTRI BUTION S	MISCELLA NEOUS INCOME	REGULAR FUND			
	MOE 3: Training and Technical Events	20000		4000			
	MOE 4: Official Travel	8000		8000			
	MOE 5: Publications and Materials and Inputs						
	MOE 6: Equipment and Furniture						
	MOE 7: Communications, Public						
	Utilities and Maintenance						
	MOE 8: Service Contracts	10000		24000			
	MOE 9: Insurance, Official						
	Hospitality and Others						
	TOTAL DIRECT OPERATING	38000		38000			
	COSTS OF THE PROJECT						

CONTRIBUTIONS OF PROGRAMS OR PROJECTS TO OPERATING COSTS			
Contributor:			
Contributor:			
Contributor:			
GRAND TOTAL OPERATING COSTS	38000	38000	

1.Name of program	Institutional Strengthening and Support to Organizations (including						
or project	Producer groups and SMEs) in the Agri-Food Sector.						
2.Predominant Line	Agriculture and Food Security: Line 2, Institutional framework and						
of Action of the 2010-2014 MTP	services to supp	services to support market access for small scale producers					
3.Level: Country	National						
4.The problem	The lack of ade	quate capacity ar	nd appropriate syst	tems in both public			
	and private sect	tor institutions an	d organizations an	d the disorganized			
	_	•		e key constraints to			
	-	=		obago. This project			
			• •	g for a focus on			
		ngthening and s	upport to groups	involving SMEs in			
	particular.						
5.General objective	•		•	of institutions and			
	J			with emphasis on			
0.0 ''' 1: ''		•	ations involving SM				
6.Specific objectives	•			stakeholders in the			
	_			nselves and build			
	*		nd emclently mana	aged organizations			
	and associations;						
	6.2To support commodity and producer based organizations and similar groups in the preparation of programmes, plans, projects and						
	proposals and in mobilizing resources and technical cooperation;						
	6.3To assist commodity organizations in promotion of products and						
	services as well as in networking with other organizations.						
7.Beneficiaries			<u> </u>), Network of Rural			
	_	-	• ,	WP), Trinidad and			
	Tobago Goat an	d Sheep Society,	CAPRICO Coope	rative, The Ministry			
	of Food Product	ion, Land and Ma	arine Affairs and ot	her State Agencies			
	involved in agric	ultural developme	ent.				
8.Duration	4 years (2011	– 2014)					
			EXPECTED	ACHIEVEMENT			
	ACTIVITY	OUTPUTS	RESULTS	INDICATORS			
	6.1.1Conduct	1Courses on	ER: Enhanced	Al 1: At least two			
	training	group	capacity within	(2) training			
	programmes	dynamics,	institutions and	programmes and			
	in areas	organization	organizations	20 persons			

9.Activities	relating to group dynamics, organization development, management, leadership,.	development, 2Training materials, including manuals 3Documents containing	for developing and managing sustainable and effective organizations	trained annually and 2 training manuals developed
	6.2.1Provide assistance in preparation of programmes, plans, projects and in mobilizing resources and technical cooperation	results of application of training methodologies 1.Programmes , projects, plans, 2.Commitment s from donor agencies to support projects 3Technical assistance	ER: Increased technical and financial support delivered to producer and commodity organizations	Al 2:At least two groups receive technical assistance annually in preparation of projects and programmes and or in mobilizing technical cooperation
	6.3.1Assist organizations in promotion, planning, organizing and participating in events	secured from specialized agencies 1Special agriculture and food security events 2Public Information	ER: Improvements in the delivery of marketing, products, services and level of networking of participating organizations.	Al3:At least two organizations receive support in organizing and participating in major events annually
		and displays of products, services etc 3Guidelines for planning and organizing events etc.		

COMMENT: The project and its activities are linked to three instruments of technical cooperation, namely "Mobilization of Cooperation", "Training in subjects related to IICA's areas of competence" and "Direct Technical Cooperation" as these are applied to institutional strengthening and providing support to organizations in Trinidad and Tobago. The project will be executed in close collaboration with the ASTT and other commodity and producer organizations and with the active involvement of other development partners and the MFPLMA and the THA. This project will be organically linked to the other projects identified for implementation under the IICA country Strategy for Trinidad and Tobago.

10.Project budget

It is an IICA project that will include the Regular Fund resources (quota contributions and miscellaneous income) specified in the following table:

ANNUAL DIRECT COSTS OF THE IICA PROJECT

1. PERSONNEL

1.1. Office personnel (the substantive contribution to the project)

Name	Position	% of Time		
Mr. Edric Harry	Policy Analyst and	18		
	Planning			
Ms. Lisa Harrynanan	Ag. Health and Food	16		
	safety			
Mr. Gregg Rawlins	Representative	9		
Vacant	Agribusiness	21		

1.2. Personnel of the Technical Concentration and Cross-cutting Coordination Programs, CAESPA, and other units (the complementary contribution to the project)

Name	Position	% of Time
Kervin Stephenson	Project Specialist	2

2. DIRECT OPERATING COSTS (US\$) 2011-2014				
ITEM	QUOTA CONTRI BUTION S	MISCELLA NEOUS INCOME	REGULAR FUND	
MOE 3: Training and Technical Events	16000		16000	
MOE 4: Official Travel	12000		12000	
MOE 5: Publications and Materials and Inputs				
MOE 6: Equipment and Furniture				
MOE 7: Communications, Public				
Utilities and Maintenance				
MOE 8: Service Contracts	10000		10000	
MOE 9: Insurance, Official				
Hospitality and Others				
TOTAL DIRECT OPERATING COSTS OF THE PROJECT	38000		38000	
CONTRIBUTIONS OF PROGRAMS OR PROJECTS TO				
OPERATING COSTS				
Contributor:				
Contributor:				
Contributor:				
GRAND TOTAL OPERATING COSTS	38000		38000	